



# CIRCLE

The Center for Information & Research  
on Civic Learning & Engagement

For Immediate Release  
March 5, 2008

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## Ohio Youth Voter Turnout Rises Sharply 444,000 Citizens Under the Age of Thirty Participate in Ohio Primary Ohio Youth Support Democratic Candidate Obama

Youth Voter Experts Available for Interviews  
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Washington, DC – 25 percent of eligible Ohio citizens under the age of 30 participated in last night’s primary, according to preliminary estimates by CIRCLE (The Center for Information & Research on Civic Learning & Engagement). More than 130,000 young people participated in the Republican primary and 348,000 in the Democratic primary. (See Table 2.) The youth turnout rate in Ohio rose sharply increasing by ten percentage points over 2000.



Table 1 –Presidential Primary Participation in 2008 and 2000  
17-to-29-Year-Old Citizens

| Ohio Primary | Youth Turnout Rate | Turnout Rate of Age 30 and Over | Overall Turnout Rate | Number of Youth Who Voted | Youth as Share of All Voters |
|--------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>2008</b>  | <b>25%</b>         | <b>40%</b>                      | <b>37%</b>           | <b>479,418</b>            | <b>15%</b>                   |
| 2000         | 15 %               | 33 %                            | 29%                  | 259,960                   | 11%                          |

Source: The share of primary voters is obtained from the 2008 Ohio Republican and Democratic exit polls conducted by Edison/Mitofsky. The numbers of votes cast are obtained from the CNN.com (as of 7 am eastern time, 3/5 /2008; 99% reporting.) Estimated voter turnout is obtained by taking the estimated number of votes cast and dividing it by the estimated population of 17-to 29-year-old citizens and citizens over the age of 30 from the Current Population Survey (2007).

See p.3 for definitions.

The results from last night in Ohio punctuate the findings of national focus groups that CIRCLE conducted last fall. The research showed that college students are deeply concerned about issues, involved personally as volunteers, and ready to consider voting. But they want political leaders to be positive, to address real problems, and to call on all Americans to be constructively involved.

"Young Americans have been turning out to vote at remarkable rates in these primaries. This reflects their deep concern about the critical issues at stake and the impact of this election on our country’s future," said CIRCLE Director, Peter Levine. "Since 2000, young people have been volunteering at high rates and are becoming more interested in news and public affairs. Now they are ready to consider voting as a way of addressing major problems. The Millennials are beginning to make their distinctive and lasting mark on American politics."

Comparisons to other caucuses and primaries must be made with caution, because turnout is affected by the date of the primaries and by the nature of the Democratic and Republican presidential campaigns, which are different in every state. "Closed" primaries and caucuses tend to depress turnout since Independents cannot participate.

Because there is no actual count of the number of votes cast by young people in the Ohio primaries, we can only estimate their level of participation. Our turnout estimates are based on early vote tallies reported by the media, the share of voters who are young calculated by the National Election Pool exit/entrance polls, and an estimate of the eligible voting population obtained from the Census Current Population Survey (CPS). The 2008 voter turnout rate may

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rise as more votes are tallied. (The early vote tally does not include such votes as absentee ballots and provisional ballots.) As a result, our 2008 turnout rate likely underestimates the level of participation in the 2008 Ohio primaries.

The table below shows youth participation in past Ohio primaries. Comparisons to past primaries should be made with caution since in 2004, Ohio did not hold a Republican primary.



**Table 2 – 2008, 2004, and 2000 Ohio Presidential Primary Participation by Party, Ages 17-29**

|      | Democratic                     |                               | Republican                     |                               |
|------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|      | Number of Primary Participants | Share of Primary Participants | Number of Primary Participants | Share of Primary Participants |
| 2008 | 348,847                        | 16%                           | 130,571                        | 13%                           |
| 2004 | 109,891                        | 9%                            | N/A                            | N/A                           |
| 2000 | 78,281                         | 8%                            | 181,679                        | 13%                           |

To date, more than 5.5 million young people have participated in the 2008 primaries and caucuses. In Ohio, young Democrats supported Obama by a wide margin over Hillary Clinton. Exit polls tabulations were not available for Republican youth. (See Table 3.)



**Table 3 – Youth Vote Choice by Party**

|      | Ages 18-29 | Democratic Candidates |       | Republican Candidates |        |      |
|------|------------|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------|--------|------|
|      |            | Clinton               | Obama | Huckabee              | McCain | Paul |
| Ohio |            | 35%                   | 61%   | N/A                   | N/A    | N/A  |

Source: www.cnn.com

This increase in youth turnout in the early primary season continues a trend observed in other elections since 2000. In the 2006 congressional elections, the voter turnout rate among 18-to 29-year-olds increased by three percentage points compared to the previous congressional election of 2002. And in the 2004 presidential election, the national youth voter turnout rate rose 9 percentage points compared to 2000, reaching 49 percent. In 2004, under-30-year-olds were registered to vote at the highest rate in 30 years.

**Definitions**

**Youth:** For the purpose of the Ohio primary, we define “youth” as citizens between the ages of 17 and 29 on March 4, 2008.

**Number of youth who voted:** An estimate of how many youth participated.

**Youth share primary participants:** An estimate of the number of young people who participated in the primaries as a percentage of the number of *all people* who participated in the primaries.

**Youth turnout rate:** An estimate of the number of young people who participated in the primaries as a percentage of the total number of young people who were eligible to participate in either primary.

The youth turnout rate is the best indicator of how young Americans are engaging in the political process. The other statistics—the sheer number of youth participants and the youth share of the electorate—can change because of factors unrelated to youth engagement.

CIRCLE (The Center for Information and Research on Civic Learning and Engagement) promotes research on the civic and political engagement of Americans between the ages of 15 and 25. Since 2001, CIRCLE has conducted, collected, and funded research on the civic and political participation of young Americans. CIRCLE is based in the University of Maryland's School of Public Policy and is funded by The Pew Charitable Trusts, Carnegie Corporation of Ohio and several other foundations.